## **Environmental Protection Agency**

## Pt. 60, App. A-4, Meth. 7

			Gas concentration (indicate units)			
				Zero a	Mid- range <sup>b</sup>	High- range c
Sample run:  1						
<sup>a</sup> Average must be less than 0.25 <sup>b</sup> Average must be 50 to 60 perce <sup>c</sup> Average must be 80 to 90 perce	ent of span.	pan.				
FIGURE 6C-4—ANALYZER CAL		te:				
Source identification: Test personnel:			Analyzer calibration data for sampling runs:Span:			
			Cylinder value (in- dicate units)	Analyzer calibration response (indicate units)	Absolute difference (indicate units)	Difference (percent of span)
Zero gas						
FIGURE 6C-5—SYSTEM CALIBR DRIFT DATA Source identification:		Da Ru	st personne te: n number: an:			
		Initial	values	Final values		
	Analyzer calibration response	System calibration response	System cal. bias (percent of span)	System calibration response	System cal. bias (percent of span)	Drift (per- cent of span)
Zero qas						

$$System \ Calibration \ Bias = \frac{System \ Cal. \ Response-Analyzer \ Cal. \ Response}{Span} \times 100$$
 
$$Drift = \frac{Final \ System \ Cal. \ Response-Initial \ System \ Cal. \ Response}{Span} \times 100$$

METHOD 7—DETERMINATION OF NITROGEN OXIDE EMISSIONS FROM STATIONARY SOURCES

Note: This method does not include all of the specifications (e.g., equipment and supplies) and procedures (e.g., sampling and analytical) essential to its performance. Some

material is incorporated by reference from other methods in this part. Therefore, to obtain reliable results, persons using this method should have a thorough knowledge of at least the following additional test methods: Method 1 and Method 5.